

## Chapter 22 Reading Questions

## Nationalism & Realism

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**p.611-616**

**11 points**

1. List the steps Louis Napoleon took in his rise to becoming Emperor Napoleon III.
2. PD613-What did Napoleon say to the people to win their votes? Why do you think they elected him?
3. What was the role of the Legislative Corps in the government of Napoleon III?
4. Was a new Napoleonic Era good for the people of France? Defend your answer using specific examples.
5. After opposition began to mount in the 1860s, what moves did Napoleon make to stabilize his reign?
6. Map p. 614 & text - What was happening in the Ottoman Empire?
7. What events contributed to Ottoman decline in the first half of the 19th century?
8. What did Russia want that led to the Crimean War? What did Russia do when they didn't get it?
9. What reasons did Spielvogel give for British and French entry into the Crimean War?
10. What were the terms of the Treaty of Paris of 1856?
11. What were the long-term effects of the Crimean War?

**p.616-622**

**10 points**

12. How did Cavour overcome Italy's relative weakness and challenge Austrian control of Italy?
13. Who was Giuseppe Garibaldi (what did his "Red Shirts" want)? What was his relationship with Cavour?
14. PD618 – How did Eber (the author) view Garibaldi & his men? Why would a Hungarian reporter for a London newspaper have felt that way?
15. What was the Zollverein? How did it change the German states?
16. Describe Bismarck.
17. In reading the accounts of the wars on pages 619-621, answer the following question: Was Bismarck manipulating events in order to create a unified German empire, or was he merely reacting to events beyond his control? Defend your answer with specific examples.
18. Why was Prussia able to defeat French troops in the Franco-Prussian War?
19. How did the French feel about the loss of Alsace-Lorraine to Germany?
20. PD622-How did Bismarck's edited version of the EMS Telegram compare with the original? What about it made France angry enough to declare war on a stronger foe?
21. Where was William I proclaimed kaiser (emperor) of the new German Empire?

**p.622-629**

**10 points**

22. What was the Ausgleich?
23. Under Austria's dual monarchy, what things were united in the empire and which were not?
24. The Crimean War showed Russia that they would have to modernize, beginning with the elimination of serfdom. What were the problems with serfdom?
25. PD625 – What reasons, if any, did Tsar Alexander and President Lincoln both have for freeing the slaves/serfs?
26. What problems remained for the newly-freed peasants?
27. How did the zemstvos work?

28. In Britain, the Whigs became the \_\_\_\_\_ and the Tories became the \_\_\_\_\_.
29. What was Disraeli's goal in passing the Reform Act of 1867? What was the result for Disraeli's Conservative party?
30. What does Spielvogel believe was the primary cause of the American Civil War?
31. What led to Canada's establishment as a self-governing nation?

**p.629-633**

**4 points**

32. List two things that aided in the expansion of economic markets on the continent.
33. What personal events inspired Marx to examine the relationships between social classes?
34. What ideas inspired Marx's philosophy?
35. PD632 & text –Summarize Marx's beliefs.

**p.633-641**

**10 points**

36. What led to the growth of science in the nineteenth century?
37. Why did religious faith decrease in the late nineteenth century?
38. PD634 – Read the last paragraph. How did Darwin perceive humanity?
39. How were Darwin's theories perceived by contemporaries?
40. How did Pasteur's discovery alter people's lifestyles?
41. What were the two major barriers to effective surgery, and how was each barrier overcome?
42. Describe Comte's version of the relationship between the sciences.
43. Describe the elements of a Realistic novel.
44. How did the trend toward Realism impact art?
45. Besides a thoughtless and inane answer like "a group of musicians," what was the New German School?